Safety, it's part of our MATURE

Ice climbing is not without its risks. In the great outdoors, preparation and prevention are the key to a safe and enjoyable experience. Put all the chances on your side; make safety your priority.



BEFORE YOU GO

- Ice climbing requires technical skills. Before your first outing, take a course with an instructor certified by the Fédération québécoise de la montagne et de l'escalade (FQME) and invite experienced climbers to accompany you.
- Choose a climbing site that suits your technical level and experience, and those of your fellow climbers.
- Use the area's climbing guidebook and the park's official map in order to properly plan your outing.
- Check the weather and adjust your objectives accordingly.
- Dress appropriately for the season.
- Bring along the essentials: a means of communication, water and food, a headlamp, the climbing guidebook for the area, a first aid kit, and contingency supplies.
- Prepare your climbing equipment and make sure that everything is functional and in perfect condition. Climbing equipment should comply with UIAA standards.
- Inform a close friend about your outing and its duration. This person will be your guardian angel and can notify emergency services should you go missing.
- Understand the rules and regulations. Get a pass at the park entrance or online.
- It is recommended that at least one member of the group have a current first aid and CPR certificate.
- Solo climbing without equipment is prohibited by FQME regulation.

WHEN OUT CLIMBING

- Write down the emergency contact number and the procedure to follow when in areas without mobile phone coverage.
- Obey the signs, including those on the approach. Do not take shortcuts.
- Always wear a helmet, even when you're not climbing.
- Before climbing, inspect the site and the ice to ensure that conditions are safe.
- Respect your limits. Never underestimate the difficulty of a route.
- Be 100% attentive to your partners when belaying them. Make sure they do the same when it's your turn to climb.
- Leave early enough to complete your activity before dark. Have the necessary equipment to remain safe after sunset in case of unforeseen circumstances. Don't forget that winter days are shorter.
- Conserve your energy by taking regular breaks. Use this time to eat and drink.

WHEN YOU RETURN

- Let your guardian angel know once you are back.
- Let park staff know of any breakage or potentially dangerous areas observed during your visit.

RECOMMENDED EQUIPMENT

- Climbing helmet and appropriate ice climbing equipment (UIAA)
- Multi-layer clothing: base layer (long underwear), insulating layer (fleece or down) and protective layer (waterproof-breathable coat and pants)
- Warm coat for breaks
- Thin tuque or tubular headwear to wear under helmet
- O Neck warmer, gloves or mittens
- Wool socks
- Fully charged phone and a whistle
- O Headlamp and extra batteries
- Climbing guidebook for the area
- Water in an insulated container and a sufficient amount of food
- First aid kit
- Sunglasses and sunscreen
- O Hand and foot warmers
- O A piece of insulating foam mattress
- Lighter and fire starter
- Hand sanitizer
- Toilet paper
- O Garbage bag





